

THE UNIVERSITY OF WINNIPEG

ACS-1809-050 Web Design and Development

Chapter 7



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Working with Links



- Add Links to Other Web Pages
- Add Links to Sections Within the Same Web Page
- Add Links to E-Mail Addresses and Downloadable Files
- Style Links

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 Customize Links by Setting the Tab Order, Keyboard Shortcuts, and Target Window

Links to Other Web Pages



- You can add links to other web pages whether they are part of your web site or someone else's
 - To do so requires using the *a* tag.
 Example:

Use this link to search Google

The "a" Tag

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The *a* tag itself doesn't serve much purpose without its attributes

- The most common attribute is : *href*
- *href* is short for *hypertext reference*
- It tells the browser where to find the information to which you are linking.
- Other attributes are : *name, title, accesskey, tabindex,* and *target*

The "a" Tag



- Back to the example
 Use this link to search
 Google
- The text included in between the opening and closing tags is what the person viewing your web page sees and can click on it
- In most cases this text has a different color from its surrounding text and is underlined
- You can style it using CSS



🕘 Links - Mozilla Firefox				
<u>File Edit View History</u>	/ <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>Y</u> ahoo! <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp			
< 🕞 - C 🗙	http://www.acs.uwinnipeg.ca/1809/link1.html	☆ •	Soogle	٩
Links	+			-
<u>Use this link to search</u>	Google			
http://www.google.com/				at

Link Types



- When deciding what to use as the value of the *href* attribute, consider what type of link you want to use
 - There are two basic link types to use:
 - Absolute
 - Relative



Absolute Links

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- *Absolute links* are those that include the entire URL
 - Use absolute links when linking to pages or sites that are not a part of your own web site.
 - They must include the protocol (e.g. http://) at the beginning of the link

Visit Yahoo!

Relative Links



- In *relative* links you don't include the entire URL of the page to which you are linking
 - Instead, the pathname you use is relative to the current page
 - Relative links are most commonly used when you want to link from pages within the same web site

Linking Pages in Other Folders



- Browsers assume that if no folder information is given then the file is in the same folder as the current document
- When referencing a file located in a different folder than the link tag, you *must* include the *location*, or *path*, for the file
 - HTML supports two kinds of paths: absolute paths and relative paths

Example – My-website Folder Structure





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DISCOVER · ACHIEVE · BELONG

12



Example 1 : Same folder
 ca brof="birthday btml">Birthday Dict

Birthday Pictures

• Example 2: Linking to a file in another folder, one level below the current one

Christmas Pictures

• Example 3:Linking to a file in a folder one level above the folder your page is in.

Contact me



- ../ tells the browser to go up one level.
 - Assuming you are in the page of birthday.html
 - If you want to refer to the index.html file on the top: Return Home

Example – My-website Folder Structure 🦉





One More Example



- From the same birthday.html file again
 - If you want to refer to the thanksgiving.html file
 Check out this photos
 from Thanksgiving.
- Folder name + " / " + file name



Links Within the Same Web Page



- When linking to a page, browser looks for the page name.
- To link to a section of a web page, you must first give that section a name or an *anchor*.
 - You can use an *anchor* to name sections of a page.



Anchor, In HTML 4.01



- An *anchor* is a place within a page that is given a special name, enabling you to link it later.
- Section 1

This attribute of the *a* tag enables you to name a section of your web page.

The value of the name attribute is the name of your section. Use easy to remember and meaningful section names. No space or punctuation in the name.

> This is what actually is displayed on the screen of the browser window.

Anchor



- If you prefer not to include a displayed "label" for your anchor, you can leave the space between opening and closing a tag blank.

 - This is an invisible anchor.
 - You can use it at the top of your page and then link to it from the bottom of your page.
 - This helps the visitor to return to the top of a long page easily.



• To create the link to an anchor, use *a* tag and *href* attribute.

Return to the top of the page. Anchor name

 The hash mark (#) tells the browser that we are linking to a specific section of a page.

Linking to an anchor - Example



Anchor.html

🥹 HTML Template - Mozilla Firefox	×
<u>File Edit V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>G</u> Marks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp	
Google - C X 🟠 🗋 Search Bookmarks and History	م
HTML Template	-
	-
Title	
Jump to section 2 Jump to section 3 Jump to section 4 Jump to section 5 Jump to section 6	=

Section1

text for this section goes here.text for this section goes her

Back to top

Section2

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text for this section goes here.text for this section goes her

Link to an Anchor



- If you need to create a link to a specific section of another page (not the one you are working on), then you use
 - The page file name
 - and the anchor name, separated by a #

Example

< a href="genealogy.html#intro">View names beginning with an "A" on our genealogy page.

In HTML 5



- The "name" anchor is not valid any more
 - Its function is replaced by a universal id attribute
 - To mark the position in a page as a placeholder
 - You will refer to the id just as the anchor name
 - Still led by a #
 -

Jump to the top of the page.

. . .

Links to E-Mail Addresses



 Causes the default email program (if there is any that has been set up) on the user's computer to be launched and opens a new message where the email address is placed in the box.

 The text that is related to the email address



Example: Linking to an e-mail



My e-mail address is			
<a href="mailto:deitel@</td><td>deitel.com"> deitel@	deitel.com		
. Click the address and yo	ur browser will		
open an e-mail message	and address it to me.		
			Email Client Application
Internet and WWW How to Program -	Contact Page - Microsoft 📃		🛛 Untitled - Message (Plain Text)
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew F <u>a</u> vorites <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> e	p	*	<u>File Edit View Insert Format Tools Actions Help</u>
🖛 Back 🔻 🔿 🔹 🙆 🚮 🥘 Searc	h 🗟 Favorites 🎯 Media 🔇) >>>] 🖃 <u>S</u> end 🔹 🔚 🎒 💙] 🔹 🔹
Address C:\IW3HTP3\examples\ch04\con	act.html	∂ Go	To deitel@deitel.com
		A	<u>C</u> c
My email address is <u>deitel@deitel.c</u> your browser will open an e-mail m			Subject:
	coorder and address it to me.		
		V	
😂 Done	My Computer	11.	



You can customize the email message by using keywords:

- cc Carbon Copy
- bcc Blind carbon copy
- subject Subject line
- body email body

Example

 Email me!

.... <u>Email me!</u>

 No space should be in the value of href attribute except in subject of email.



Another example

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<body>

This is another mailto link:

Send mail!

Note: Spaces between words should be replaced by %20 to ensure that the browser will display the text properly.

</body>

</html>



Another example – how the web page look like

E ← W:\Phil Work\UofW\AC: × + ∨								
\leftrightarrow \rightarrow 0 ϵ	ŵ	file:///W:/Phil%20Work/UofW/ACS1809/Sample%20pages/EmailLink1.html						
Suggested Sites 5	슈 Web	Slice Gallery	Microsoft	슈 Audio Converter Hon	Best of the Web	Channel Guide	숫 Customize Links(1)	📑 Internet Start
This is another mailto link: Send mail!								
Note: Spaces between words should be replaced by %20 to ensure that the browser will display the text properly.								



Customize the email message



Another example – how the email look like



You are invited to a big summer party!

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Spam-Proofing



- There are special programs named harvesting bots used by spammers to spider the world wide web and gather email addresses.
 - The spidering process is also called web crawling.
 - They look for the "at" sign: @ !!!!!!
 - The email addresses gathered will be used and even sold to other spammers in order to send unsolicited emails, advertisements and scams.



- Avoid using @ both when you display the address and when you link to it.
 - To display the address, use [at] instead of @ or use an image that displays @ or the entire address)
 - Use decimal code equivalent of @ and .
 - So normally we will code

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But to spam-proof we should code it like this





Click on 'contact webmaster' to email to websuggest@uwinnipeg.ca



<a

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href="mailto:websugge 5;t@uwinnipe& #103;.ca"> Contact Webmaster

How to spam-proof?



Using you can use JavaScript to hide the address

```
<script language="JavaScript">
<!-
var name = "me"
var domain = "mail"
Var ext = "com"
document.write('<a href="` + 'mail' + 'to:' + name +
'@' + domain + '.' + ext + `">E-mail Me</a>');
//-->
</script>
```

Another way is to use a web form for user to send you messages http://edublogs.org/contact/

FTP and Downloadable Files



- Using FTP (*File Transfer Protocol*) is a way of sending/receiving files over the internet.
- An ftp server is a place for providing and receiving files the same way that an HTTP server is the place for web pages.
- Accessing an ftp site is possible through the ftp command and may or may not require a password depending on the site: ftp://ftp.cc.umanitoba.ca/

Example



← → C 🔺 🔇 ftp://sunsite.unc.edu/pub

Index of /pub

Name	Size	Date Modified
[parent directory]		
Linux	0 B	7/5/06 12:00:00 AM
🔜 X11/		1/25/05 11:00:00 PM
academic/		2/5/04 11:00:00 PM
archives/		1/30/05 11:00:00 PM
docs/		11/14/07 11:00:00 PM
electronic-publications/		1/30/05 11:00:00 PM
📄 gnu	0 B	7/6/06 12:00:00 AM
historic-linux/		10/3/03 12:00:00 AM
languages/		2/12/06 11:00:00 PM
linux/		10/6/10 10:11:00 AM
micro/		1/30/05 11:00:00 PM
imirrors/		2/28/10 11:00:00 PM
multimedia/		7/21/09 12:00:00 AM
packages/		4/20/05 12:00:00 AM
solaris	0 B	7/6/06 12:00:00 AM
sun-info/		6/7/01 12:00:00 AM



• HTTP:

<a

href="http://www.acs.uwinnipeg.ca/1809/chapt
er%201.pdf">chapter 1

• FTP:

 Visit the sunsite ftp site

Style Links

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- - Default colour will be use if nothing are define in CSS

Style Links

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- To adjust only certain link's color property, use class attribute.
 Home
- Then in the style tag,

a.navlinks:link {color: white;}
a.navlinks:visited {color: gray;}
a.navlinks:hover {color: yellow;}
a.navlinks:active {color: orange;}

Title Attribute



- The *title* attribute provides a bit more details regarding the file you link to.
 - The hint is very often displayed like a "tool tip"



Target Windows



- You can open your links in a new window or a specific window using *target* attribute.
 - Search Yahoo Web Site
 - Values for target attribute can be:
 - _blank Opens the linked a new window or tab
 - _self Opens the linked in the same window as it was clicked (this is default)
 - _parent Opens the linked in the parent frame
 - _top Opens the linked in the full body of the window
 - Framename Opens the linked in a named window or frame

Setting a Tab Order



- You can customize the tab order of links or form elements on your web page using *tabindex* attribute.
 - Very helpful for users using text-based web browsers.
 Page 1
Page 2





- You can assign keyboard shortcuts (like ctrl+ c : copy / ctrl+v: paste) to the links in your web page, by using accesskey attribute.
 Page 1 (Alt-2)

 Page 2 (Alt-1)

- Beware that this might not work on every web browsers





