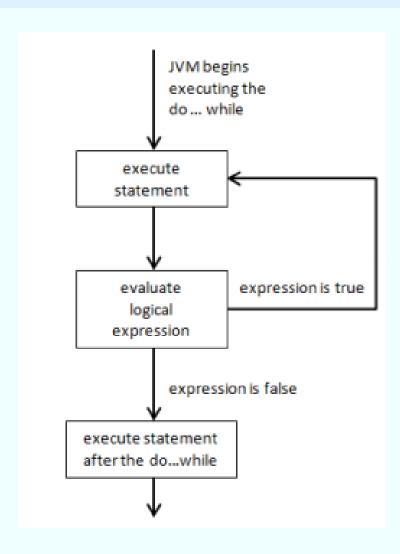
The do-while statement is useful when it is known the loop body must execute at least once.

```
syntax:
```

```
do statement while ( logical expression );
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Example. Suppose we are adding the digits of a positive integer

There must be at least one digit to add to a total \rightarrow can use do-while

```
System.out.println("Enter a number");
int n = kb.nextInt();
int sum = 0;
do {
    sum += n % 10;
    n /= 10;
}
while (n>0);
System.out.println("sum is "+sum);
Executed at least once
```

How many times does the loop execute if n is 5? 25? 0?