Copy the file, <u>HP.txt</u><sup>1</sup>, on the course web page to Readme.txt in your BlueJ project. Develop and test a Java program, AnalyzeText, that reads Readme.txt and reports the following:

### a) The 3 most common words that are not in this stop-list:

a,am,an,and,any,are,as,a,be,by,he,her,hers,him,his,i,if,in,into,is,it,its,me,my,no,nor,not,of,on,or,she,than,that,the,their,them,then,there,these,they,to,too,us,was,we,were,what,when,where,which,while,who,whom,why,you

#### An example of output:

Word	Frequency
wand	21
potion	10
wizard	9

## b) The 3 most common names that are in this list of names:

Harry, Dumbledore, Voldemort, Snape, Sirius, Hermione, Ron, Draco, Hagrid, Neville, Dobby, Moody, Lupin, Bellatrix, McGonagall, Grindelwald, Tina

#### An example of output:

Name	Frequency
Harry	15
Snape	8
Dobby	5

# **Regarding Part A:**

Consider the following approach to Part A.

For Part A you determine the vocabulary of the text, and for each word you determine the frequency. On paper the vocabulary and frequencies comprises two parallel lists, one for words and one for frequency.

word	frequency
star	5
potion	10
wizard	9
wand	21
etc	

An algorithm in **pseudocode to create the two lists**:

```
For each token in Readme.txt:
```

```
get the token (as lowercase) with punctuation removed if the token is not in the stop list if the token is in the word list increase its frequency count otherwise add the token to the word list set its frequency to 1.

//
// determine 3 most frequent words
Repeat the following 3 times:
Find the largest frequency and then:
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Rowling, J. K. Harry Potter And the Deathly Hallows. New York, NY: Arthur A. Levine Books, 2007. http://hpread.scholastic.com/HP\_Book7\_Chapter\_Excerpt.pdf

## When you implement Part A you must develop and use these methods:

Return	Method name and parameters	Purpose
type		
String	<pre>getToken(     Scanner s )</pre>	Finds the next token using the scanner and returns the token in lowercase with punctuation characters removed.
int	<pre>find(     ArrayList<string> word,     String token )</string></pre>	Returns the index of token in word, or -1 if not present.
void	<pre>incrementFrequency(         ArrayList<integer> freq,         int i )</integer></pre>	Increments the i <sup>th</sup> entry in freq
void	addNewWord(     ArrayList <string> word,     ArrayList<integer> freq,     String token )</integer></string>	Adds the token to word, and adds a corresponding entry to freq with its value set to 1.

With the above methods the code to process a single token is

```
String token = getToken(s);
if (! stopList.contains(token)){
int i = find(word, token);
if (i>=0) {
   incrementFrequency(freq, i);
}
else {
   addNewWord(word, freq, token);
}
```

Regarding Part B: Use the above methods as much as possible

All classes **must** have comments at the beginning containing your name and student number.

Submit the file AnalyzeText.java to the email corresponding to your lab section with a Subject line Assignment 1

E.g. if you are registered in lab ACS-1903L-070 then send to 1903L-070@acs.uwinnipeg.ca