Using the nested set model as described has some performance limitations during certain tree traversal operations.

For example, trying to find the immediate child nodes given a parent node requires pruning the subtree to a specific level as in the following SQL code example:

Nested Sets

```
SELECT Child.Node, Child.Left, Child.Right
FROM Tree as Parent, Tree as Child
WHERE
Child.Left BETWEEN Parent.Left AND Parent.Right
AND NOT EXISTS ( -- No Middle Node
SELECT *
FROM Tree as Mid
WHERE Mid.Left BETWEEN Parent.Left AND Parent.Right
AND Child.Left BETWEEN Mid.Left AND Mid.Right
AND Mid.Node NOT IN (Parent.Node, Child.Node)
)
```

AND Parent.Left = 1 -- Given Parent Node Left Index

Nested Sets

SELECT DISTINCT Child.Node, Child.Left, Child.Right FROM Tree as Child, Tree as Parent WHERE Parent.Left < Child.Left AND Parent.Right > Child.Right -- associate Child Nodes with ancestors

GROUP BY Child.Node, Child.Left, Child.Right

HAVING max(Parent.Left) = 1 -- Subset for those with the given Parent Node as the nearest ancestor

To overcome this limitation and simplify tree traversal an additional column is added to the model to maintain the depth of a node within a tree.

Node	Left	Right	Depth
Clothing	1	22	0
Men's	2	9	1
Women's	10	21	1
Suits	3	8	2
Slacks	4	5	3
Jackets	6	7	3
Dresses	11	16	2
Skirts	17	18	2
Blouses	19	20	2
Evening Go	wns 12	13	3
Sun Dresses	14	15	3